

**Protoceratium reticulatum** (Clap. & J.Lachm.) Bütschli

*Klassen und Ordnungen des Thier-Reichs, wissenschaftlich dargestellt in Wort und Bild* 1007, pl. 52, fig. 2 (1885)

*Peridinium reticulatum* Clap. & J.Lachm., *Mém. Inst. Nat. Genève*. 6 (1858): 405, pl. 20, fig. 3 (1859)

*Type locality*: Norwegian Sea

*Gonyaulax grindleyi* Reinecke, *J. S. African Bot.* 33: 157, fig. 1 (1967)

*Type locality*: South Africa

*Australian distribution*: N.S.W. (Port Jackson, off Sydney, Port Hacking), Tas. (especially common in summer)

*Extra-Australian distribution*: Canada (Nova Scotia), North Atlantic Ocean, Canary Islands, NW Africa, British Isles, North Sea, Norwegian Sea, Mediterranean Sea, Adriatic Sea, Turkey, Black Sea, South Africa, Japan, Chile

*References*: E.J.F.Wood, Dinoflagellates in the Australian region, *Austral. J. Mar. Freshw. Res.* 5: 171–351 (1954)

G.M.Hallegraeff & D.D.Reid, Phytoplankton species successions and their hydrological environment at a coastal station off Sydney, *Austral. J. Mar. Freshw. Res.* 37: 361–377 (1986)

G.M.Hallegraeff, C.J.S.Bolch, J.M.Huisman & M.F. de Salas, Planktonic dinoflagellates, *Algae of Australia: Phytoplankton of Temperate Coastal Waters* 145–212 (2010)

A.McMinn, C.J.S.Bolch, M.F. de Salas & G.M.Hallegraeff, Recent dinoflagellate cysts, *Algae of Australia: Phytoplankton of Temperate Coastal Waters* 260–292 (2010)