

Protoperidinium depressum (Bailey) Balech

Revta Mus. Argent. Cienc. Nat. "Bernardino Rivadavia" (Hidrobiol.) 4: 57 (1974)

Peridinium depressum Bailey, *Smithsonian Contr. Knowl.* 7: 12, figs 33, 34 (1854)

Type locality: St. Georges Bank (NW Atlantic Ocean)

Australian distribution: Gulf of Carpentaria/North-west Shelf, N.S.W. (Sydney), Tas.

Extra-Australian distribution: South Atlantic Ocean, Brazil, Belize, Mexico (Pacific coast), U.S.A. (Washington), Canada (Nova Scotia), North Atlantic Ocean, Canary Islands, British Isles, Arctic Ocean, Black Sea, Southern Ocean, Antarctica

References: E.J.F.Wood, Dinoflagellates in the Australian region, *Austral. J. Mar. Freshw. Res.* 5: 171–351 (1954)

N.Revelante & M.Gilmartin, Characteristics of the microplankton and nanoplankton communities of an Australian coastal plain estuary, *Austral. J. Mar. Freshw. Res.* 29: 9–18 (1978)

G.M.Hallegraeff & S.W.Jeffrey, Tropical phytoplankton species and pigments of continental shelf waters of north and north-west Australia, *Mar. Ecol. Prog. Ser.* 20: 59–74 (1984)

G.M.Hallegraeff, C.J.S.Bolch, J.M.Huisman & M.F. de Salas, Planktonic dinoflagellates, *Algae of Australia: Phytoplankton of Temperate Coastal Waters* 145–212 (2010)