
T: Vic., *s. loc.*, 1887, C.Knight 174; holo: G.


Thallus pale greyish green, cracked, dull and smooth. Soredia and isidia absent. Apothecia inconspicuous, verruciform, sparse, scattered, irregularly hemispherical, 0.5–1.0 (–1.5) mm diam. Ostioles inconspicuous, pale, 1 or 2 per verruca. Ascospores 4 per ascus, ellipsoidal, rough, (75–) 87–97 × (30–) 35–42 µm.

Chemistry: Thallus K–, KC–, C–, Pd–; containing planaic acid (major), 4,5-dichloro-lichexanthone (minor), 2′-O-methylperlatalolic acid (minor) and 2-O-methylperlatalolic acid (trace).

An uncommon, endemic, corticolous species in N.S.W., A.C.T. and Vic.


The species is characterised by asci with 4 rough ascospores and the presence of planaic acid in the thallus. It is chemically similar to *P. planica*, but that lichen has 8-spored asci.