

Thallus pale greenish yellow, thin, cracked, lacking soredia and isidia. Apothecia numerous, verruciform, flattened-hemispherical, concolorous with the thallus, often confluent, not constricted at the base, 0.5–1.0 mm diam. Ostiole conspicuous, pale to dark brown, in a hyaline to pale yellow translucent zone, 1 per verruca. Ascospores 8 per ascus, irregularly biseriate, elongate-ellipsoidal, smooth, 75–95 × 30–40 µm.

**Chemistry:** Thallus K–, KC+ yellow-orange, C+ yellow-orange, Pd–; containing thiophaninic acid (major), 4-chloro-6-O-methylnorlichexanthone (trace to minor) and 2-chloro-6-O-methylnorlichexanthone (trace).

An uncommon but widely distributed, endemic, corticolous species in W.A., S.A., Qld and Vic.


The species is characterised by 8-spored asci and the presence of thiophaninic acid as the dominant lichen compound. It is distinguished from the somewhat similar *P. leioplacella* by the less conspicuous ostioles, the absence of stictic and hypostictic acids and the predominantly biseriate arrangement of the larger ascospores.