FISSIDENS SUBG. ANEURON

Fissidens subg. Aneuron Kindb., Gen. Eur. North Amer. Bryin. 2: 165 (1897)

Lecto: F. hyalinus Hook.f. & Wilson

Dioicous or rhizautoicous. Plants terrestrial, minute, delicate. Stems simple, fleshy, lacking a central strand. Leaves few, shrivelled when dry, 2–6-jugate, ±elliptical; limbidium narrow, usually complete; apex acute; costa absent or incipient in T.S. Vaginant laminae narrow, scarcely reaching mid-leaf, open to almost closed; margin ±entire; laminal cells subhexagonal, large, thin-walled, chlorophyllose. Male plants smaller than female; antheridia terminal. Calyptra mitriform. Setae terminal, pale translucent yellowish, smooth. Capsules erect, symmetrical; operculum conical-rostrate or conical-rostellate. Peristome *scariosus*-type. Spores 9–14 μm diam.

Fissidens nymanii M.Fleisch., Musc. Fl. Buitenzorg 1: 19 (1902)

T: "Tjibodas an sehr Feuchten Stellen an den Boschunger kleiner Wasserlaufe 1400 m", Java, [Indonesia], Mar. 1899, *E.Nyman*; holo: FH.

Illustrations: M.Fleischer, op. cit. 19, fig. 1; H.C.Gangulee, Mosses of Eastern India 461, fig. 210 (1971); I.G.Stone, op. cit. 320, fig. 1 (1985).

Leaves 1.9–2.7 mm long, 0.45–0.50 mm wide; limbidium 1 or 2 cells wide, mostly unistratose; laminal cells $50-70\times30-45~\mu m$.

Calyptra short, covering the beak only, 0.35-0.40 mm high; median cells isodiametric, 30-40 μm wide, thin-walled, vesiculose. Setae c. 2 mm long. Capsules 0.35-0.60 mm long, 0.3-0.4 mm wide; exothecial cells quadrate, 22-30 μm wide. Peristome teeth 40-55 μm wide at the base.

Rare in north-eastern Qld, on soil banks in rainforest. Also in India, Nepal and Malesia.

Old: Tully Gorge, near Ravenshoe, I.G. Stone 19870, 19875 (MEL).

Fissidens nymanii was reduced to synonymy with F. hyalinus Hook. & Wilson by Iwatsuki & Haji Mohamed (1987), but we prefer to maintain them as distinct species.